The First Epistle of John

Life and Fellowship

1 John 1:1-4

1. **The Word of Life** (1 John 1:1-3)

Jesus is the Word of Life who speaks the words of eternal life (cf. John 6:68); one cannot truly know the Word of Life while rejecting the words of life He spoke.

A. The Eternal Life (vs.1a, 2b)

While the Son of God clothed Himself in human flesh at a point in history (cf. John 1:14), the Word of Life was with the Father prior to this event (cf. John 1:1). Sharing in eternal life is a gift given by God to those who trust in Jesus (cf. 1 John 2:25; 5:11-12).

B. **The Manifested Life** (vs.1-2a)

John remembers Jesus' life with the vividness of someone who experienced life together with Him (cf. John 13:23).

C. The Proclaimed Life (v.3)

The apostles were commanded to proclaim the life and message of Jesus to the rest of the world (cf. Matt 28:19). The content of what they proclaimed was specifically chosen in order that the hearer might apprehend, comprehend, and believe in Jesus (cf. John 20:31; 21:25).

2. Fellowship (1 John 1:3)

Fellowship is an ongoing relationship, a partnership, with those who share a common bond. The introduction to this particular fellowship is the reception of the message proclaimed (v.3), while walking in the light (v.7) and loving the brethren (1 John 3:14-15) are evidences that this fellowship is a reality.

A. Fellowship with Other Christians (v.3a)

Everyone who hears and believes the message of the gospel have fellowship with one another (cf. Rom 3:22; Gal 3:28; Col 3:11; Eph 2;14).

B. Fellowship with God (v.3b)

Christians are brought into fellowship with God in a personal way (cf. v.7). Through the gospel, we have fellowship with the Father (v.3b), with the Son (v.3c) and with the Holy Spirit (cf. 2 Cor 13:14).

3. The Purposes of John's Writing.

- A. **Joy**: That Our Joy May Be Made Complete (1 John 1:4)
- B. Holiness: That You May Not Sin (1 John 2:1)
- C. **Assurance**: That You May Know that You Have Eternal Life (1 John 5:13)